THE MINISTER OF CIVIL AVIATION AND TOURISM (SHRI GHULAM NABI AZAD): (a) The number of foreign tourists who visited Shimla, Kashmir, Darjeeling and Gangtok during last three years were as follows:—

Tourist Places	1991	1992	1993
Shimla	3,588	2,673	2,746
Kashmir	4,887	9,149	8,026
Darjeeling	16,030	18,619	19,631
Gangtok	6,187	6,763	7,132

(b) The number of foreign tourists who visited the country during last three years were: —

1991 : 16,77,508

1992 : 18,67,651

1993 : 17,64,830

(c) The estimated foreign exchange earnings from tourism during last three years were:—

Year	Rs. crores
1991-92	3318.6
1992-93	3989.5
1993-94	4572.7

पर्यटन - उद्योग को घाटा

2293. **श्री सत्य प्रकाश मालवीय :**
श्री दिग्विजय सिंह :

क्या **नागर विमानन और पर्यटन** मंत्री यह बताने की कृपा करेंगे कि :

(क) क्या यह सच है कि पर्यटन उद्योग को नुकसान हो रहा है, यदि हां, तो इसके क्या कारण हैं और 1991–92, 1992–93 और 1993–94 वर्षों के दौरान कितना नुकसान हुआ और क्या वर्ष 1994–95 के दौरान भी पर्यटन उद्योग को हानि होने की संभावना है;

(ख) पिछले तीन वर्षों के दौरान भारत की यात्रा करने वाले विदेशी पर्यटकों की संख्या कितनी है और वर्ष 1994–95 के दौरान अनुमानतः कितने विदेशी पर्यटकों के भारत आने की संभावना है; और

(ग) विदेशी पर्यटकों को आकर्षित करने के लिये सरकार द्वारा उठाये गये जाने वाले कारगर कदमों का ब्यौरा क्या है?

नागर विमानन और पर्यटन मंत्री (श्री गुलाम नबी आजाद) : : (क) चूंकि अधिकतर पर्यटन स्थापनायें गैर सरकारी क्षेत्र में हैं, इसलिये समग्रतः पर्यटन उद्योगों की हानियों और लाभों की राशियां बताना कठिन है क्योंकि उनके वित्तीय निष्पादन के आंकड़े उपलब्ध नहीं हैं।

(ख) गत तीन वर्षों के दौरान भारत आये विदेशी पर्यटकों की संख्या और वर्ष 1994–95 के दौरान आगमन के अनुमानित आंकड़े निम्नानुसार हैं:—

वर्ष	पर्यटक आगमन
1991–92	17,81,892
1992–93	16,20,239
1993–94	18,71,251
1994–95	22,00,000

(ग) देश में और अधिक पर्यटकों को आकृष्ट करने के लिये उठाये गये कदमों में शामिल है–विदेशों में प्रचार और संवर्धन को सुदृढ़ करना और आधार भूत सुविधाओं में सुधार करना ।

Special tourism areas in States

2299. SHRI DIPANKAR MUKHERJEE: Will the Ministaer of CIVIL AVIATION AND TOURISM be pleased to state:

(a) the areas notified under the Special Tourism Areas in Kerala, Tamilnadu and other States of the country;

(b) what compensation the displaced people were paid and how many persons have been displaced in the areas notified as STA's;

(c) what was the land use pattern of the areas brought under the STA;

(d) who has been authorised to survey these STA's and how many are foreign consultants and how many are Indians;

(e) whether it is a fact that Government are making a plan to invest Rs. 39,000 crores in tourism development; if so, what is the share of the States and the private sector; and

(f) what is the status of the National Action Plan of 1992?

THE MINISTER FOR CIVIL AVIATION AND TOURISM (SHRI GHULAM NABI AZAD): (a) The Central Department of Tourism in consultation with the State Government and Union Territories identified the following places as Special Tourism Areas:

1. Bekal Beach in Kerala
2. Muttukadu-Mamllapuram in Tamil Nadu
3. Sindhudurg in Maharashtra
4. Puri-Konark in Orissa
5. Diu in Union Territory of Daman and Diu

The Kerala Government has notified 400 acres for acquisition under Land Acquisition Act in the Bekal areas and the Maharashtra Government has notified 61.65 Hectares for acquisition under the Land Acquisition Act for the bench areas at Mithbav.

(b) In the Mithbav area, the acquisition cost is Rs. 39.50 lakhs. No person has beeen displaced so far due to land acquisition.

(c) In Kerala some coconut growing and barren land and in Maharashtra sandy and uncultivable land are to be acquired

(d) The State Government of Kerala have commissioned M/s M.N. Salim Associates from Calicut in association with two foreign consultants, one from Philippines and the other from Australia to survey the Bekal Special Tourism Area. In Maharashtra for Sindhudurg area M/s. Tata Consultancy Services has been commissioned to prepare the concept plan.

(e) In pursuance of the National Action Plan for Tourism, and assesment of investment requirements for integrated development of tourism was prepared by the Department of Tourism to attract five million tourist arrivals. The investments required to be made by the Government, public sector and private sector are Rs 13,640 crores, Rs. 11,600 crores and Rs. 13,860 crores respectively.

(f) The National Action Plan stipulated the priorities of the Central Government in the development of tourism and a strategy for its development. The tourist traffic showed an upward trend and the year 1993-94 ended up with a positive growth rate of 2.8 per cent over the previous year and the foreign exchange earnings from tourism recorded appreciable increase in rupee terms of 20.2 per cent during 1992-93 and 14.6 per cent during 1993-94.